

Kaiser Permanente's Response to the DPP

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Other Likely Health Plan Repondents

- American Association of Health Plans
 - Represents majority of US managed care plans
 - Coordinates research with CDC
 - Sponsors initiatives in many chronic illnesses
 - Promotes clinical trial participation among its member plans

Other Likely Health Plan Respondents

- The HMO Research Network
 - Research centers from 14 large health plans
 - More than 20 million enrollees
 - More than \$30 million in NIH, CDC, AHRQ research funds

Kaiser Permanente

- America's oldest and largest private, non-profit, integrated health care delivery and financing system - founded in 1945
- Exclusive partnership between a health plan and multi-specialty group practice organizations
- 9 separately incorporated Permanente Medical Groups, operating in 10 states and Washington, D.C.
- 8.2 million members, 90,000 employees, and 11,000 physicians

Care Management Institute

- A Program (national) office responsible for :
 - *supporting development of evidence-based, population disease management across the entire KP program*
 - *identifying and disseminating best practices*
 - *measurement and demonstration of improving outcomes*

9 Current CMI Priority Areas

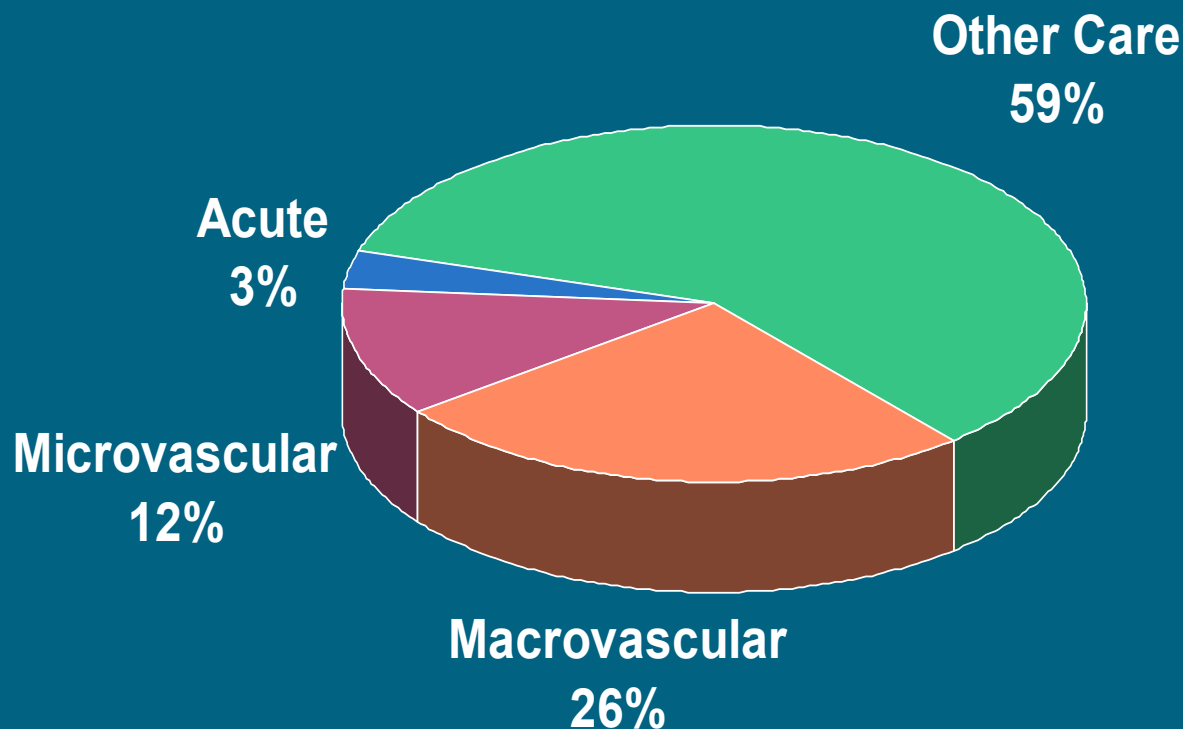
- Asthma
- CAD (Secondary Prevention)
- Cancer (adjunctive therapies)
- Chronic Pain
- Depression
- Diabetes
- Elder Care (including Dementia and Palliative Care)
- Heart Failure
- Self-Care and Shared Decision-Making

Population Disease Management

- ✓ Identify the affected population
- ✓ Develop evidence-based treatment guidelines
- ✓ Support clinicians in implementation
 - ✓ identify and share best practices
 - ✓ build information systems, decision support
 - ✓ integrate specialized support staff
 - ✓ Monitor treatment / outcomes, feedback to providers
- ✓ Risk stratify population and tailor intensity of treatment to level of risk

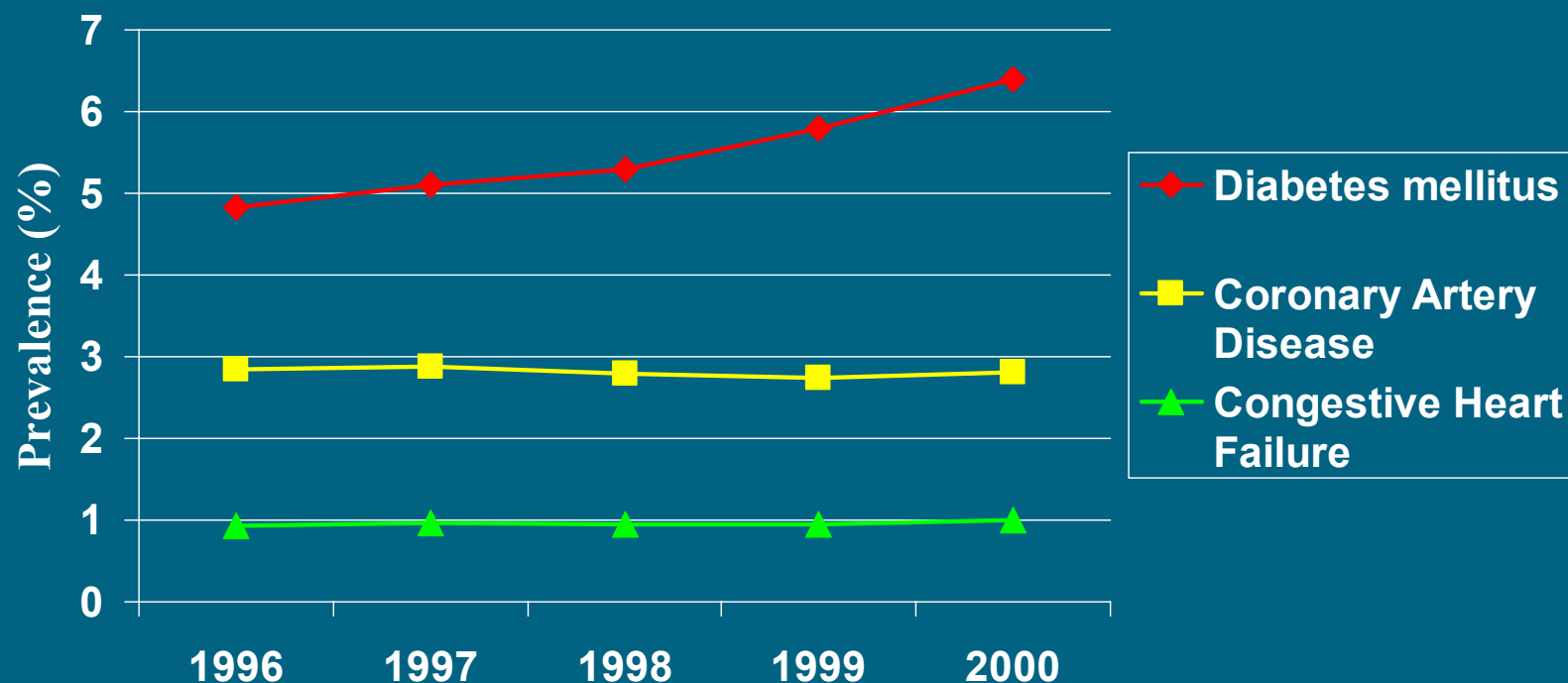
Excess Costs of Care for Diabetic Members, 1994

85,209 members, by complication



Total Excess: \$282.7 million

Age-adjusted Prevalence of Diabetes Mellitus, Coronary Artery Disease, and Congestive Heart Failure, KP Members Age 20+, 1996-2000



Number of Diabetic Members End of 2001, KP Nor. Cal.

Age	New in 2001	Total
0-9	28%	262
10-18	20%	1089
19-44	26%	21104
45-64	18%	75373
65+	15%	64767
Total	28,836 (18%)	162,595

Approximately 50 bariatric surgeries
per week throughout the KP program
nationally



Input received at recent inter-regional conference of KP Bariatricians:

Short Term Themes

- Develop strategies for prevention of obesity
- Develop metrics: how can we quantify the burden and effectiveness of treatment?
- Provide clinical tools and education
- Optimize and standardize program components
- Develop evidence-based risk stratification approaches

Input received at recent inter-regional conference of KP Bariatricians:

Long Term Themes

- Establish the management of overweight and obesity as an organizational priority
- Promote prevention/healthy life styles
- Include the member voice
- Ensure enhanced skills of staff and clinicians

Inter-regional Obesity Meeting, Portland, OR 12/6/01

KP's Weight Management Initiative

- Begins with convening the National Advisory Group on Overweight & Obesity
 - Composition: academia, government (CDC, ODPHP, CMS, NIDDK (unofficial)) and all KP regions
 - Aim: to gain a broad understanding of current knowledge regarding:
 - primary prevention of obesity
 - medical management of obesity
 - surgical treatment in morbid obesity
 - Format: series of three conference calls with national experts and KP providers

KP's Weight Management Initiative

- Continue Work by Establishing KP Clinical Network:
 - Composition: KP clinicians, quality improvement, research staff from all regions, led and supported by CMI
 - Aims:
 - ◆ assessing current activities - “best practices”
 - ◆ introducing measurement
 - ◆ revising clinical guidelines
 - ◆ focusing on implementation

Probable Strategies

- Primary prevention and self-management of weight:
 - Changing culture among KP employees
 - Developing partnerships with schools, employers
 - Collaborations with other health insurance plans and care delivery systems
 - Partnerships with government on research, demonstration projects

Probable Strategies

- Population approach to treatment/management of obesity:
 - revise & disseminate clinical guidelines
 - support clinicians with training in brief, effective interventions (e.g. smoking cess.)
 - collect and monitor BMI as vital sign
 - risk stratify overweight population, directing more intensive efforts toward those at higher risk (e.g., HT, ↓ HDL-C, IGT, GDM)
 - standardize weight management services across KP toward most effective programs

Probable Strategies

- Measurement:
 - “BMI as a vital sign”
 - Use of medication for weight mgmt/
diabetes prevention
 - Use and outcomes of bariatric surgery

Attention to Disparities

- Membership nationally is approximately 40% racial/ethnic “minority” populations
- KP has substantial history of research into racial/ethnic health care disparities
- KP has a national office on cultural competence, active training programs for clinicians, and several specific programs providing culturally sensitive care through bi-cultural, bi-lingual clinics and services

Strategies for Ongoing Improvement

- Rapid dissemination of new findings
- Ongoing conduct of effectiveness research
 - ◆ internally funded RFA's
 - ◆ externally funded projects